AP Test Question 2007
Part A - With Calculator

| $x$ | $f(x)$ | $f^{\prime}(x)$ | $g(x)$ | $g^{\prime}(x)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 5 |
| 2 | 9 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| 3 | 10 | -4 | 4 | 2 |
| 4 | -1 | 3 | 6 | 7 |

3) The functions $f$ and $g$ are differentiable for all real numbers, and $g$ is strictly increasing. The table above gives the values of the functions and their first derivatives at selected values of $x$. The function $h$ is given by $h(x)=f(g(x))-6$.
a) Explain why there must be a value $r$ for $1<r<3$ such that $h(r)=-5$.
b) Explain why there must be a value $c$ for $1<c<3$ such that $h^{\prime}(c)=-5$.
c) Let $w$ be the function give by $w(x)=\int_{1}^{g(x)} f(t) d t$. Find the value of $w^{\prime}(3)$.
d) If $g^{-1}$ is the inverse function of $g$, write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of $y=g^{-1}(x)$ at $x=2$.
